

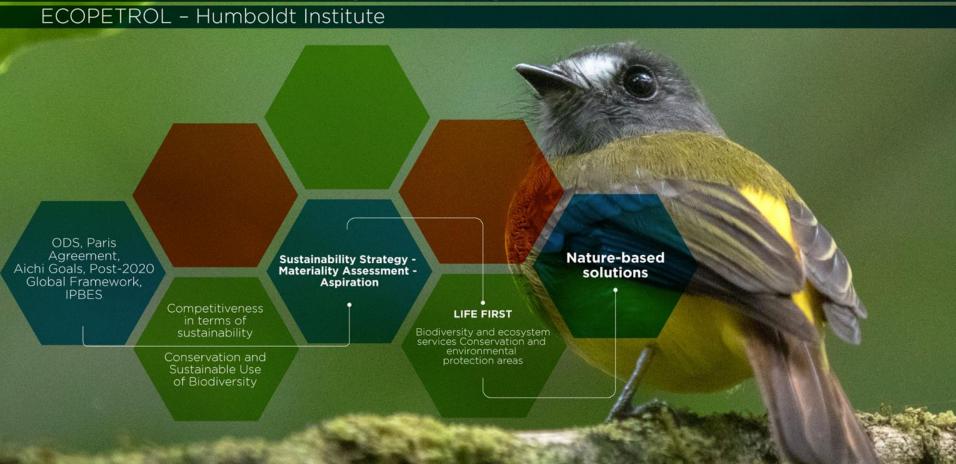
## **Alliance Evolution**

ECOPETROL - Humboldt Institute



Competitiveness in terms of Sustainability
Conservation and Sustainable use of Biodiversity

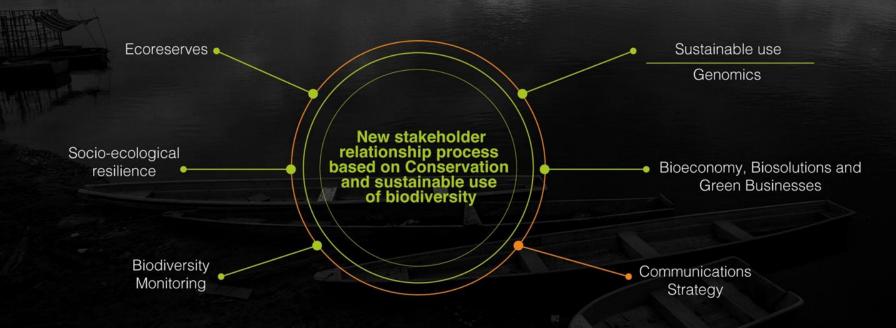
# **Alliance Sustainability Challenges**





Socio-ecological planification of the Ecopetrol's areas of interest, contributing to a sustainable transition of the hydrocarbon sector in Colombia.

Strengthen the sustainable development of these areas of interest through the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity





Geographically delimited areas owned by Ecopetrol that are voluntarily used, in part or entire, for biodiversity conservation and the supply of ecosystem services, without affecting their productive and exploratory vocation.



#### **Benefits**

#### of an Ecoreserve

- Passive Restoration
- Strengthening Ecosystem Services
- Possible alliances with local, national and international stakeholders
- Conservation and sustainable use of Biodiversity
- Applied research. Science, Technology and Innovation
- Participatory Governance Schemes and local Opportunities based on **Bioeconomy, Biosolutions and Green Businesses**
- Nature-based Solutions (NbS)

Competitiveness in terms of Sustainability

Conservation and Sustainable use of Biodiversity



# Methodological Route

#### **Ecoreserves Network**

#### Ecopetrol Business Group

Selection of areas o
Areas selection

2019-2020

- Identify, assess and classify areas
- Presentation to managers of the Ecoreserves possibilities
- Selection of six pilot areas for Ecoreserves

Biodiversity Characterization and Formulated Management Plans

2021

- ¿What to conserve?
  Biodiversity Characterization
- Where to conserve?
   Mapping
- ¿How to conserve? Strategies and Activities
- ¿With whom to conserve? Governance
- ¿Which resources? Sustainability

Consolidation of the Network

2022

- Knowledge transfer
- Articulation of actions and actors
- Identification of business models
- Enhance landscape connectivity
- Ecoreserves positioning

**Business Group Goals** 

Short Term - 2021

Medium Term - 2023

LongTerm - 2030

15 Ecoreserves

20 Ecoreserves

**50 Ecoreserves** 

## **Ecoreserves Network**

#### **Ecoreserves Criteria**

- Management and planning criteria
- Criteria on biodiversity, ecosystem services (threats, connectivity, risk management)
- Socioeconomic and cultural criteria

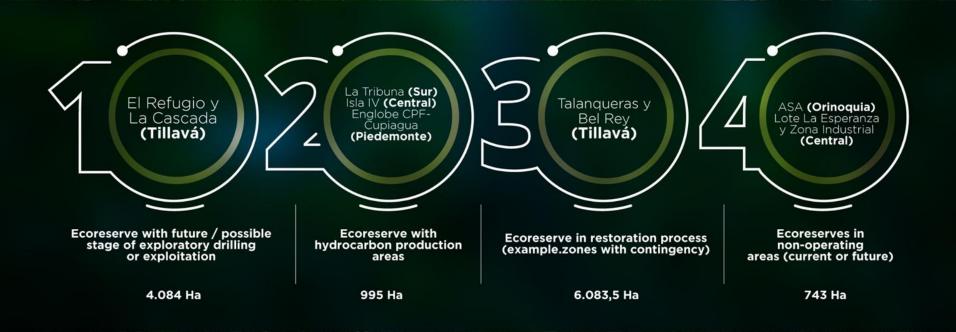
Filter	# of non-operating properties of Ecopetrol	На
Sampling Universe	1.130	29.995
<b>1st Phase:</b> Prioritization with coarse filter criteria	569	12.937
<b>2nd Phase:</b> Prioritization with fine filter criteria	49	11.030
<b>3rd Phase:</b> Ecoreserves agreed between ECP and the Humboldt	2	6.090
Pilot Ecoreserves	6	11.987*

There are nine (9) additional potential properties o be included in the exercise with the Humboldt Institute



### **Ecoreserve scenarios**

Differentiated planning according to your conditions



Total: 11.906,5 Ha

## ¿How they Impact?

- Coexistence of oil activity with conservation.
- Alignment with OECM initiatives and post-2020 CBD targets.
- Fulfillment of the SDGs, the Paris Agreement, the Aichi Targets, the Post-2020 Global Framework, the Planting of 180 Million trees.
- Encourages sectoral co-responsibility in conservation.
- Self-Sustainable agenda based on Bioeconomy, Biosolutions and Green Businesses / "Conserve producing and produce conserving"
- New strategies for Decarbonization of the operation, with an estimated capture potential
  of 139 thousand Tons of CO2 in the 1.130 properties that make up the ECOPETROL
  Eco-Reserves Network.
- They generate opportunities for self-sufficiency in **environmental management** based on the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity.
- Strengthens comprehensive compensation strategies for strategic ecosystems.
- Strengthen Ecopetrol's TESG materiality by supporting compliance with the SusTECHnability Strategy.

Self-sustainability in the Management of the Environment

Local opportunities based on natural capital with Global Impact



# **Opportunities**

**Business Conservation Areas** 

Planning of productive sectors based on biodiversity Management plans for OECM with private governance Ecosystem services and Strategic Ecosystems OECM as connectivity strategies for the NPAIS (SINAP) New relationship model based on biodiversity

#### Strategy based on OECM (CDB):

- Identification and categorization of private properties
- Resilience
- Monitoring
- Sustainable Uses
- Bioeconomy, Biosolutions and Green Businesses
- Communications

Local information for decision making

- OECM with private governance with management plans
- Private conservation of biodiversity

- Conservation and restoration with a business vision
- Strategic Ecosystems preserved

- Incorporation of the OCEM into connectivity strategies
- Private governmental and international biodiversity commitments

- Alliances of self-sustaining local models.
- Sustainable development opportunities for local communities seeking their well-being and self-sufficiency.
- Local dialogue with a market vision ased on scientific research



